

Weekly 2 (Due Friday 7/12 at 11:59PM)

Overview: This assignment is worth **68 points**. Each question has multiple parts and each part is worth **4 points**. The grader determines your score for each part of each problem using the [Weekly Assignment Rubric](#). Specifically, the grader will be looking for evidence of conceptual understanding, correct mathematical reasoning, and excellent written-communication.

Guidelines: You are required to adhere to the Weekly assignment guidelines and the assignment submission guidelines, both of which can be found on Page 3 of the [syllabus](#). If you fail to follow the guidelines, you risk receiving no credit for your work. Turn in your assignment via [gradescope](#).

Directions: Complete the following exercises from the [Active Calculus](#) textbook. You can click the links below to go directly to the exercise.

1. (20 points) Exercise [9.5.11](#). Here's a visualization: [GeoGebra: Exercise 9.5.11](#)
2. (24 points) Exercise [9.5.12](#). It will help to draw a picture.¹
3. (8 points) Let p denote the plane with scalar equation $2x + 2y + z = 1$. Let $P = (0, 0, 1)$ and $Q = (2, -1, 1)$. A vector normal to p is $\mathbf{n} = (2, 2, 1)$.
 - (a) Show that P lies in the plane p , but Q does not.
 - (b) Compute $|\text{comp}_{\mathbf{n}}(\overrightarrow{PQ})|$ and explain why this is the shortest distance from Q to the plane p .

Here's the relevant visualization: [GeoGebra: Distance from a Point to a Plane](#).

4. (16 points) Exercise [9.7.15](#). For part (d), you are asked to graph something in 3D. Use the [GeoGebra 3D Calculator](#) to do it.² You do not need to include the graph in your write-up (unless you want to).

¹Once you have drawn the picture for yourself, you can see this visualization of the situation: [GeoGebra: Exercise 9.5.12](#)

²In case you haven't noticed: I think GeoGebra is awesome for visualizing calculus.